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Amazing Space! July - September 2015

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Getting started in astronomy is as easy as looking up. This poster shows you how to find the planets Mercury, Venus, Jupiter and Saturn plus the Moon and constellations without a telescope. Planet spotting will in fact be totally dazzling in the first two weeks of July as Venus and Jupiter will be close together in the evening twilight. Mercury will be easy to locate over the period 16 August - 15 September. Look low above the Western horizon around 6:30 pm AEST.

See Venus, Jupiter and the Moon together on 19 July 2015 Venus

Jupiter

Chart prepared for 6:30 pm AEST. Look low above the North Western horizon.

See Saturn and the Moon together on 22 August 2015

Saturn

Moon

Chart prepared for 7 pm AEST. Look high above the North Western.

See Mercury, the star Spica and the Moon together on 15 and 16 September 2015

16 September

Mercury

Moon 15 September

Chart prepared for 7 pm AEST. Look low above the Western horizon.

Paul Floyd www.nightskyonline.info June 2015. You are free to reproduce and distribute this resource for non-commercial purposes but not to modify it in any way . without permission from the author. Full licence conditions at http://creativecommons.org/licenses/bync-nd/3.0/.

See a planet without a telescope

Despite what many people think, you don't need a telescope to see a planet in the night sky. The origins of the word planet (ancient Greek for 'wandering star') gives you a clue as to what you need to look for.

To make planet spotting even easier, use the Moon as a celestial signpost to find Mercury, Venus, Saturn and Jupiter at different times during July, August and September 2015.

4 September 11 September 28 August 21 August 18 September 14 August 7 August 25 September 31 July

Mercury's apparent size has been increased so that its changing phase is visible. Both the Sun and Mercury's orbit are marked so Mercury's passage around the Sun is apparent.

Western horizon

Phases of Mercury

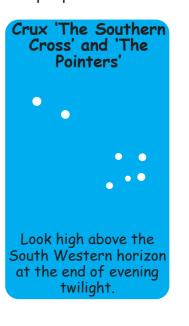
Mercury displays phases just like the Moon.

Mercurys are more difficult to view because of Mercurys closeness to the Sun and its great distance from Earth.

The chart at left shows what a highly magnified inverted view of Mercury would look like through a high magnification telescope.

Constellations

Constellations are imaginary pictures in the sky. Can you imagine a giant Cross or a Scorpion in the night sky? Use these charts to help you find the stars around which the ancient people created their constellations.





Crescent Moon



July 21 August 20 September 18

First Quarter Moon



July 24 August 23 September 21

Gibbous Moon



July 26 August 24 September 23

Full Moon



July 2 / 31 August 30 September 28

Moon 'swallows' Venus

A rare daytime occultation of Venus by the Moon will occur on Sunday 19 July 2015 for observers North of the Gold Coast. Observers South of the Gold Coast will only see a close encounter between Venus and the Moon. More information can be found here: http://nightskyonline.info/?page id=15873

